Disaster Risk Governance and the ASEAN Agreement on Disaster Management and Emergency Response (AADMER)

Presentation by the ASEAN Secretariat at the 2018 Southeast Asia Disaster Risk Governance Academic Seminar
AADMER

• The ASEAN Agreement on Disaster Management and Emergency Response (AADMER), launched on 24 December 2009, facilitates regional cooperation between and among ASEAN Member States.

• The main objective of AADMER is to reduce disaster losses and collectively respond to disasters.

• As the legally-binding regional agreement in ASEAN, AADMER has directly contributed to the building of ASEAN Community, and the enhancement of disaster risk reduction and climate change adaptation of the peoples and communities in ASEAN.
AADMER Work Programme (AWP) 2016-2020

• The ASEAN Committee on Disaster Management (ACDM) endorsed the AADMER Work Programme 2016-2020 in February 2016.

• The development of the work programme has benefitted from the concurrent development of the ASEAN Vision 2025 on Disaster Management.
Priority Programme (PP) in AWP 2016-2020

1 AWARE
• Enhance risk assessment and improve risk awareness of ASEAN Community.

2 BUILD SAFELY
• Build resilience into essential infrastructures and essential services for ASEAN Community to thrive and operate despite disasters and climate impacts.

3 ADVANCE
• Advancing ASEAN Community that is safe, resilient to disasters, and adaptive to climate change, with youth and good governance at the centre.

4 PROTECT
• Protect the economic and social gains of ASEAN Community through innovative market-based solutions, private sector engagement, and social protection programmes.
Priority Programme (PP) in AWP 2016-2020

5 RESPOND AS ONE
- Transform the regional humanitarian landscape demonstrating ASEAN increased preparedness and leadership in joint response.

6 EQUIP
- Intensify ASEAN’s human, institutional and logistics capacity to deliver fast, collective and reliable regional response.

7 RECOVERY
- Capacitate ASEAN to undertake swift recovery that is locally-driven and with sufficient resources.

8 LEAD
- Strengthen ASEAN’s regional knowledge management system and mechanism, and professionalism to enable ASEAN to become the global leader and centre for excellence and innovations in disaster management.
Linkage between the DRG seminar with the AWP 2016-2020
PP3 (Advance) key activity 1.2.5

- Developing peer-to-peer support programme among ASEAN Member States to strengthen institutional and policy development related to DRR and CCA
- Activity: Peer to Peer Learning on Community Resilience in ASEAN
- Implementing Agency: Working Group on Prevention and Mitigation
- Proponent: Oxfam
Peer to Peer Learning

- This project addresses the ASEAN vision of resilience to achieve a more resilient future by reducing existing disaster and climate-related risks, preventing new risks, and adapting to a changing climate through implementation on economic, social, cultural, physical, and environmental measures.

- The project focused on communities and their actions to enhance resilience.

- It brought together community leaders, forming a group of ‘core peer learners’ who visited and learnt from other communities and involving government agencies, civil society groups and the private sector.
Peer to Peer Learning

• Peer-to-peer learning is about people learning with and from each other as equals, including the elements of:
  ✓ sharing of existing knowledge and the co-creation of new knowledge
  ✓ connecting individuals to each other and building new and enrich existing networks
  ✓ increasing the capacity of people to take innovative action by adapting approaches that work in one context to new contexts

• Case studies were took place in the project’s focus countries: Myanmar, the Philippines, Thailand, and Viet Nam
Case studies

• The Role of Women’s Economic Empowerment in Community Resilience (Philippines)
  ✓ Sta. Rita Mothers’ Club is in Lawaguin, Barangay Nagcarlan, Laguna province, southeast of Manila. The club has fostered women’s entrepreneurship and economic empowerment whilst helping members to diversify their incomes and be resilient in an area vulnerable to landslides, typhoons, and the outbreak of pests that attack coconut trees. Priority programme 4: Protect

• Safe Schools and Community Resilience (Thailand)
  ✓ Pha Due school, Mae Jan District, Chiang Rai Province, is a model safe school being supported by the Office of the Basic Education Commission through a partnership with the Department of Disaster Prevention and Management (DDPM) and various civil society organizations. Priority programme 2: Build Safely
• Local Participatory Planning for Community Resilience (Myanmar)
  ✓ Communities plan early warning systems through participatory capacity and vulnerability assessments which also empower community participation in decision-making and lead to more resilient livelihoods. Priority programme 1: Aware

• Local Energy Planning for Community Resilience (Viet Nam)
  ✓ Nam Cuong commune in Thai Binh city works with Green ID to develop and implement local energy planning to overcome power interruptions and enhance energy self-reliance. Priority programme 3: Advance
PP8 (Lead) key activity 2.4.3

- Develop and disseminate collaborative and multi-disciplinary researches and innovations that will address current regional and global emerging issues and challenges

- Activity: Disaster management review combined with ARMOR

- Implementing Agency: the AHA Centre

- Proponent: the AHA Centre
ASEAN Science-based Disaster Management Platform (ASDMP)

- Implementing Agency: APEC Climate Center
ASDMP-Direct beneficiaries

• The project supports the AHA Centre in:
  ✓ facilitating activities for scientific and technical research
  ✓ improving the understanding of current scientific research
  ✓ capacity building as a disaster management knowledge hub under the One ASEAN One Response framework

• ASDMP platform i) provides a platform to disseminate, understand, and use scientific research, ii) supports and increases the dialogue amongst the group of producer and user of DM knowledge (NDMOs, relevant government agencies, academic community, regional research institutions, and CSOs)
• ASDMP conveyed cross-sectoral collaboration and communication among scientists, policymakers, and other relevant stakeholders through symposiums, workshops, and training sessions that benefited 141 participants.

• The project houses priority 3: ADVANCE and 8: LEAD of the AADMER Workshop Programme 2016-2020 and contributes to Working Group on Prevention and Mitigation and Knowledge & Innovation Management.
ASDMP-Output

• Output 1: Research and knowledge products and future research areas that are useful to policy making and practice of disaster management are determined, promoted, and supported

• Achieved indicators:
  ✓ 22 research institutes and organizations identified and 1200 materials collected
  ✓ Conducted Kick-off Workshop with 31 participants
  ✓ Developed research roadmap based on survey questionnaire
  ✓ Conducted Regional Symposium with 57 participants
Output 2: Scientific and technical research products and knowledge promoted and disseminated and cross-sectoral collaboration and communication enhanced

Achieved indicators:
✓ Conducted Final Symposium with 45 participants
✓ Launched ASDMP with over 1000 research products and results and conducted 1 technical workshop and 1 training workshop
✓ Currently gathering feedback and usage statistics of ASDMP. AHA Centre is now fully able to operate and maintain ASDMP independently.
Thank you