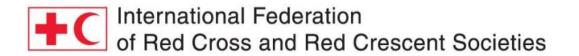


## Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction (SFDRR) and IFRC

From Managing Disasters to Managing Risks











185 Member States

KEY FIGURES 50,000 Public Forum visitors 6,000 Registered delegates

25

Heads of States and Governments & Vice Presidents 150 Official sessions

**340** Side events

350+ Bilateral meetings

325,000 tweets

49

**IGOs** 

300+

**Business** 

280+

**Local Governments** 

38 UN entities

**780**Reporters

**188** NGOs

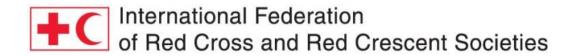
3500+ Local staff and volunteers 3,000+ users of the conference box system saving more than 10 M pages or 124 trees





## **Expected Outcome**

"The substantial reduction of disaster risk and losses in lives, livelihoods and health and in the economic, physical, social, cultural and environmental assets of persons, businesses, communities and countries"







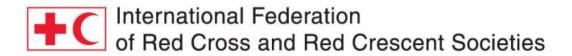


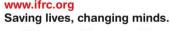




#### Goal

- Focus on preventing new disaster risks, reducing existing disaster risks that also strengthen resilience
- Calls for various measures to prevent and reduce hazard exposure and vulnerability, increase preparedness and recovery
- Calls for integrated and inclusive economic, structural, legal, social, health, cultural, educational, environmental, technological, political and institutional measures
- Calls for increase in preparedness for response and recovery,











# Reduce

# Increase

## Mortality/

global population

2020-2030 Average << 2005-2015 Average

## Affected people/

global population

2020-2030 Average << 2005-2015 Average

## Economic loss/

global GDP

2030 Ratio << 2015 Ratio

Damage to critical infrastructure & disruption of basic services

2030 Values << 2015 Values

Countries with national & local DRR strategies

2020 Value >> 2015 Value

# International cooperation

to developing countries 2030 Value >> 2015 Value

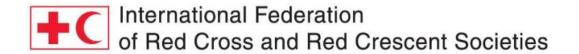
Availability and access
to multi-hazard early warning
systems & disaster risk
information and assessments
2030 Values >> 2015 Values

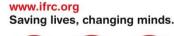


#### Key areas of



- Importance of Health
- Role of Women and Human rights
- Focus on local level and stakeholders
- NEW & IMPROVED
- Focus on Stakeholders and inclusive approach
- Clear link with financing for development, climate change and the post 2015-development agenda
- Focus on recovery, rehabilitation and reconstruction and DRR mainstreaming / Build Back Better















#### **Innovations**

- Shift from disaster loss to disaster risk
- Shift from disaster management to disaster risk management;
- Shift from "what to do?" to "how to do?"
- Focus on people-centered preventive approach to DRR
- NEW & IMPROVED
- Primary responsibility of States for DRR
- Shared responsibility for DRR with stakeholders
- Scope includes slow-onset, man-made and bio hazards;
- Set of global targets;
- Set of guiding principles;









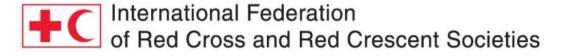






#### **Innovations**

- Articulation of governance to manage disaster risk, including role of national platforms;
- Understanding, tackling disaster risk drivers;
- Preparedness to "build back better";
- Strengthened accountability for disaster risk management;
- NEW & IMPROVED
- Recognition of stakeholders and their roles;
- Mobilization of risk-sensitive investment;
- Global and Regional Plans for coherence, monitoring and periodic reviews;
- Resilience of health systems, cultural heritage, and work places;



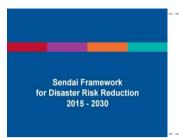




Saving lives, changing minds.







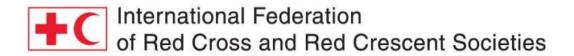
#### Role of Stakeholders

- Shift from considering stakeholders as victims and vulnerable to agents of change and focus on empowerment and inclusion
- Adds indigenous people engagement, and voluntary commitments



#### Specific focus on:

- Civil society, volunteers, organized voluntary work & communitybased organizations
- Academia, scientific and research entities and networks
- Business, professional associations & private sector financial institutions
- Media
- Parliamentarians











# National and local dimensi

## Priority 1 Understanding disaster risk

Policies and practices for DRR should be based on an understanding of disaster risk in all its dimensions of vulnerability, capacity, exposure of persons and assets, hazard characteristics and the environment.

# Priority 2 Strengthening disaster risk governance to manage disaster risk

Disaster risk governance at the national, regional and global levels is of great importance for an effective and efficient management of disaster risk.

## Priority 3 Investing in disaster risk reduction for resilience

Public and private investment in DRR are essential to enhance the economic, social, health & cultural resilience of persons, communities, countries, their assets, as well as environment

## Priority 4 Enhancing disaster preparedness for effective response, and to "Build Back Better" in

recovery, rehabilitation and reconstruction

Strengthened disaster preparedness for response, recovery, rehabilitation and reconstruction are critical to build back better



#### Priority Area 1. Understanding Disaster Risk

Addressing Policies and Practices for DRR

#### **National and Local Level**



Risk mapping, analysis, use/dissemination of obtained information,



awareness raising and education



integration in policies and strategies



access to information through traditional and innovative technologies



#### **Global and Regional Level**



Mapping



Methodologies and tools for development and dissemination



Systems development



Campaigns for public awareness and education (i.e. Safe Steps)



Access & support for innovative technologies









#### **IFRC Contribution to Priority Area 1.**

#### Addressing Policies and practices for DRR









- Vulnerability and Capacity Assessment
- Sectoral assessment
- GIS / MRA (PMI), RMS
- Community Resilience programming
- Public awareness and public education
- Formal and informal school education







- Rollout of the Framework for Community Resilience
- Development of tools and guidelines for assessment, PAPF
- One Billion Coalition for Resilience
- Road to Sendai From Sendai to New Delhi
- AMCDRR

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### Priority Area 2. Strengthening Disaster Risk Governance to Manage Disaster Risk.

Addressing disaster risk governance at all levels

#### **National and Local Level**













**Empower local authorities** 

of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies

#### Global and Regional Level



Global and Regional Strategies and mechanisms for KIM and sharing systems



DRR platforms at global/regional levels



Trans boundary cooperation

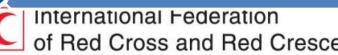


Monitoring and Assessment of disaster risks / promote exchange of information











#### **IFRC Contribution to Priority Area 2**

#### Addressing disaster risk governance at all levels















Mainstream DRR into RCRC policies and plans

NS DRR Frameworks / DRM Strategies

Integrated NS development strategies /plans

**National DRR Platforms** 

Integrated multisectoral Community Based initiatives/programmes

Disaster Laws (DRR&DR)

Gender sensitive DRR

Beneficiary communication

Empowering Local authorities, communities, indigenous people and

migrants



**IASC** 

AMCDRR & Asia Pacific Road map for implementation of SFDRR

Regional Coordination Committee (RCC)

GADR3ES / APCSS/CFSS

ASEAN/SAARC

Regional Road Maps (SEA, EA)







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# Priority Area 3. Investing in Disaster Risk Reduction for Resilience.

Addressing Public & Private investments in DRR to build resilience of individuals, communities, countries

#### **National and Local Level**



Governments to allocate resources at all levels for DRR



Increase PP investment in disaster resilient structures



Promote mainstreaming of DRR into policies land-use, rural development / Building Codes



Design/Implementation of inclusive policies integrated with livelihood, health, housing, educations



Strengthen the protection of livelihoods and productive assets



International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies

#### Global and Regional Level



Coherence across organizations related to sustainable development and DRR in policies, plans, programmes and processes



Enhance cooperation btwn Health and other stakeholders to improve DRM for Health and other sectors as well



Promote / Support Social Safety nets as DRR measures link to livelihoods at household and community level



Strengthen international efforts for hunger and poverty eradication through DRR









#### **IFRC Contribution to Priority Area 3**

Addressing Public & Private investments in DRR to build resilience of individuals, communities, countries







Allocation of 10% of EA for DP/DRR

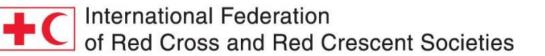
Promotion of DRR legislation at national and community level Community Resilience Building initiatives /programming (integrated /multi-sectoral i.e.: CBDRR, CBHFA, PASSA, PHAST) Partnerships in resilience building Various livelihoods initiatives (cash distribution, IG projects, etc.)







One Billion Coalition for Resilience Call for Innovation / Beijing Declaration Regional Voluntary Commitments AP Resilience Road map



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#### Priority Area 4.Enhancing Disaster Preparedness for Effective Response, and to "Build Back Better" in Recovery, Rehabilitation and Reconstruction

Addressing strengthening of disaster preparedness for response, integration of DRR in response preparedness and capacity building

#### **National and Local Level**

Contingency policies/plans/programs
People centered Multi-hazard, multi-sectoral EWS

Emergency stock-piling

Post-emergency planning

Capacity building in disaster preparedness and response

Simulation exercises

Mainstreaming DRR into recovery and longer-term

development

Collaboration between all stakeholders

Evacuation

**Dead Body Management** 

**PSP Support** 

Disaster response Laws

Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015 - 2030



International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies









#### **IFRC Contribution to Priority Area 4**

Addressing strengthening of disaster preparedness for response, integration of DRR in response preparedness and capacity building





FEDERATION







National Disaster Preparedness and response mechanism (NDPRM) which include the below points:

National Society Contingency plans

HCT/Cluster Coordination, Pre-disaster meetings

People centered Multi-hazard, multi-sectoral EWS

Emergency stock-piling/buffer stocks

Post-emergency planning

Capacity building in disaster preparedness and response

(National Disaster Response Teams – NDRT, BDRTs)

Simulation exercises/Mock drills

Mainstreaming DRR into recovery & Build Back Better approach

Mainstreaming Gender and diversities into all programming tools and implementation

**Promote IDRL** 

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#### Priority Area 4.Enhancing Disaster Preparedness for Effective Response, and to "Build Back Better" in Recovery, Rehabilitation and Reconstruction

Addressing strengthening of disaster preparedness for response, integration of DRR in response preparedness and capacity building

#### **Global and Regional Levels**

Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015 - 2030 Regional response mechanisms
Standards, Codes, Guidelines
Regional multi-hazard EWM
Awareness raising on hydrological issues and impact on society

Regional cooperation in Disaster Preparedness including simulation exercises
Sharing response and resources during and after disasters











#### **IFRC Contribution to Priority Area 4**

Addressing strengthening of disaster preparedness for response, integration of DRR in response preparedness and capacity building











Principles and Rules for Humanitarian Assistance

Asia Pacific Standard Operating Procedures

Global and regional response tools (FACT, ERU, RDRT, DREF)

Support National Disaster Preparedness and Response

Mechanisms (NDPRM)

**Regional Logistics Centers** 

DRR mainstreaming in Emergency and Recovery Appeals Participation in DiREX, ARDEX,

**IASC** 

Disaster Law (i.e. ASEAN/SAARC) including studies

International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies









#### On the ROAD TO SENDAI



Visions and voices for a new global disaster framework









IMPLEMENTATION OF THE SFDRR IN **ASIA - FROM SENDAI TO DELHI** REGIONAL PLATFORM LED BY UN ISDR



#### The objectives of regional platform is to:

- Provide policy framework for SFDRR implementation in Asia and the Regional Road Map for Implementation
- Provide policy guidelines for governments and stakeholders
- Serve as reference for monitoring the SFDRR progress

## Ten stakeholders groups in Asia



**Parliamentarians** 



Group on Gender Equality and DEVELOPMENT Women's Empowerment in Disaster Risk Management and Regional Resilience Building



Science, Technology and Academia



Children, Youth and Child Centered Organizations





National Societies of Red Cross and red Crescent -**IFRC** 



Media



Private Private Sector



Mayors and Local Government Authorities



Individuals and organizations concerned with disability

## **Building on HFA regional strategies through AMCDRR**

#### Beijing 2005

Highlighted the relevance of DRR for poverty reduction and sustainable development in Asia. Called for National Plans for Action and strengthening of existing regional collaboration mechanisms

#### **Delhi 2007**

Agreed on biennial Ministerial Conference as a multi-stakeholder Regional Platform for DRR. Called for the enhancement of partnership in DRR. Affirmed UNISDR role to provide secretarial support to Regional Platform

#### Kuala Lumpur 2008

Emphasized multi-stakeholder partnerships and private sector role. Recognized the role of local authorities. Called for capacity building of local authorities and communities

#### Incheon 2010

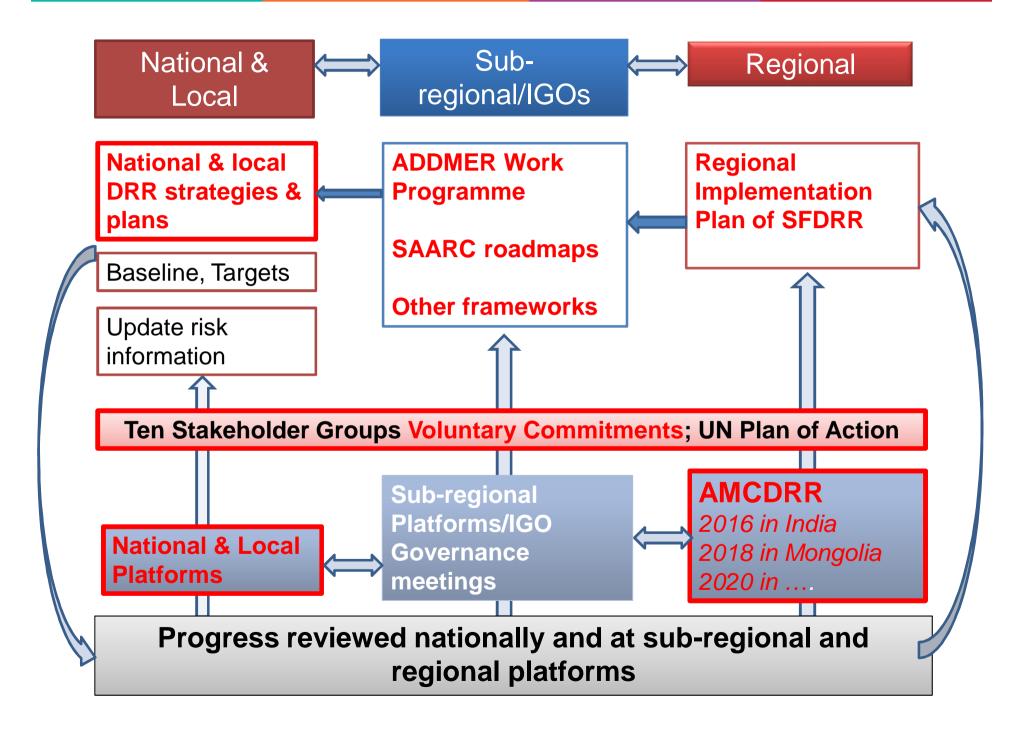
Regional Roadmap on DRR through CCA (REMAP): to make DRR and CCA priorities in national policies and build synergies between them at the national, regional, and global levels

#### Yogyakarta, 2012

Called for capacity building for local risk assessment, mainstreaming local DRR into national development, financing DRR. Inputs for the post-2015 framework for DRR. Ten Stakeholder Groups statements of commitments

#### Bangkok, 2014

Called to strengthen local resilience, investments in disaster and climate risk management and PPP. Adopted Asia-Pacific Inputs for the post-2015 framework for DRR. Agreed to prepare Regional Implementation Plan.
Stakeholders commitments



#### **Timeline**

2015

#### IAP, June

Roadmap, initial outline of AMCDRR, identified contributions

UNGA Sept Adopt WCDRR outcomes

## IAP, Nov + Ministerial Dialogue (TBC)

First Country DRM status evaluations, National/Local Implementation Plans Initial draft Policy Dialogue and Sector Briefs

**December**Define SFDRR periodic review

2016

#### IAP, Feb (TBC)

Country DRM status evaluations, National Implementation Plans

1<sup>st</sup> draft Regional Road Map for Implementation

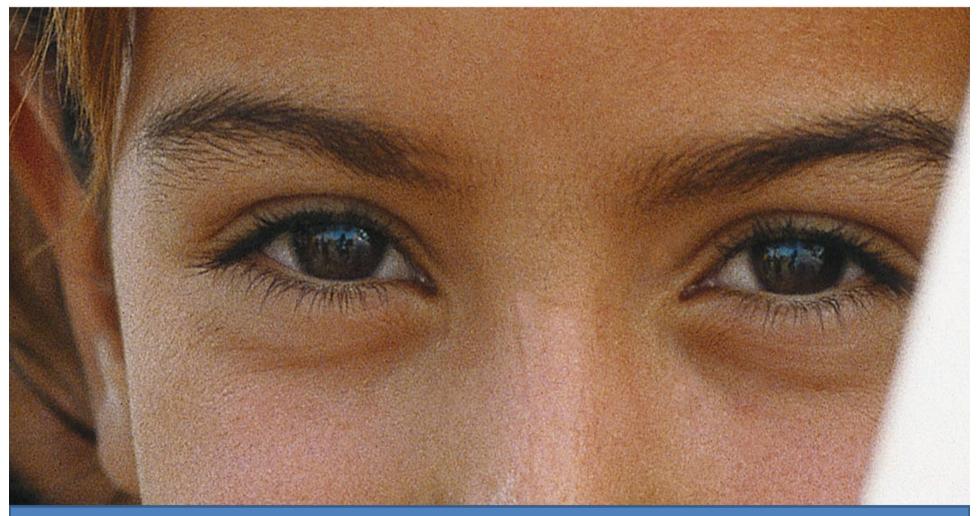
#### IAP, August (TBC)

Final Draft Regional Road Map for Implementation

1<sup>st</sup> AMCDRR, New Delhi, Nov 2016

Adopt Regional Road Map for Implementation www.ifrc.org Saving lives, changing minds.





# Thank You