

# Rights of Migrants in Action

**REGIONAL CONSULTATION FOR ASIA** 

1-2 March 2017

Bangkok, Thailand





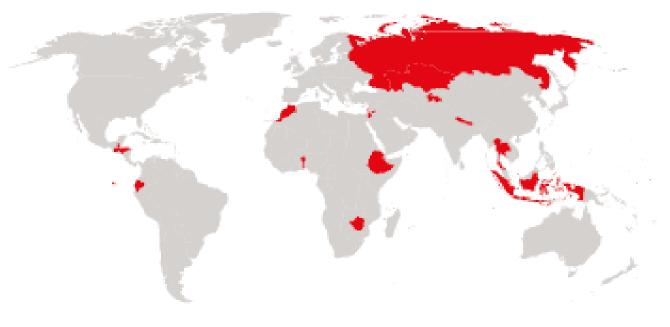
# RIGHTS OF MIGRANTS IN ACTION

### WHAT IS IT?

Rights of Migrants in Action is a global action to promote and protect the rights of migrants in targeted countries, migration corridors and regions, through coordinated cMI society action.



Benin, Ecuador, Ethiopia, Guatemala, Honduras, Indonesia, Jordan, Lebanon, Kazakhstan, Morocco, Napal, Russia, Talikistan, Thailand and Zimbabwe









# HOW WE DO IT

COORDINATION With key partners and stakeholders at international, regional and local levels.

#### DIALOGUE



#### RESEARCH



#### NETWORKING OF CSOs







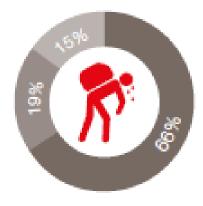
#### 2. MIGRANTS' ACCESS TO SOCIAL SERVICES AND PROTECTION

43 projects with CSOs

FROM APRIL 2014 TO DECEMBER 2017 REACHING APPROXIMATELY

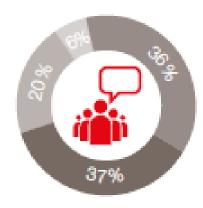
116,000 DIRECTLY 400,000 NDIRECTLY

AIGRANTS, WITH A SPECIFIC FOCUS ON MIGRANT DOMESTIC WORKERS AND VICTIMS OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING.



#### TARGET POPULATION

- migrant domestic workers
   victims of human trafficking
- victims of human trafficking
   victims of human trafficking
- and migrant domestic workers



#### AREAS OF INTERVENTION OF SELECTED PROJECTS

- protection
- advocacy
- awareness
- services

### 3. CAPACITY BUILDING







# **Objectives of Regional Consultations**

- To strengthen synergies, share and analyse key achievements and challenges, exchange good practices among participant CSOs.
- Agreeing on Regional inputs and recommandations on Human Rights of Migrants, Human Trafficking and Labour Migration





# **Discussions Asia Consultation – Main Points/1**

item	discussion
Key success factors	participation of beneficiaries and local communities use of languages of beneficiaries Cooperation with local authorities/schools/CSOs Creative approaches to reach out beneficiaries (DVDs, media actions in schools/mobile libraries, "Smart Domestic Workers" Mobile App, Facebook, community radio stations, peer to peer groups) information dissemination prior to departure at the place of the receiving passport





# **Discussions Asia Consultation – Main Points/2**

item	discussion
Key obstacles	Political instability fear of victims of trafficking to report lack of coordination among stakeholders inadequate/not applied policies and Laws for safe migrant workers/VHT; complicated procedures for registration of migrants; low education/lack of information of beneficiaries; Limited employment opportunities; Lack of data on migrants difficulties to reach out to migrants (bot nationals abroad and foreigners in host country) Cultural gaps between host and migrant societies





## **Discussions Asia Consultation – Main Points/2**

item	discussion
Lessons learned	Importance of assessment and possibility to adjust to changing contexts Education helps beneficiaries find innovative solutions it is important to create links between host and migrant communities Participation of local community to pursue cases of trafficking is important (one case open will open possibility to many more to denounce) Training of Trainers and prevention information at schools are very effective Advocacy is working more when agreements CSOs/CSOs and Govt/CSOs is formalised Social media can be useful tool, but can also deceive people
Sustainability	Support / mobilise resources from local authorities vocational training and income generating activities for returning migrants

Importance to Provide long term livelihood approaches