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| **Timeframe**  **Annex 3**  **Action to take for Diarrhoea Prevention as per time scale** | **Forecast** | **Actions to take - for Diarrhoea prevention in flooding?** |
| Years | Increased risk of rainfall due to extreme weather event | Stakeholder coordination (incl. Health authorities, INGOs) – coordinated planning; where best we can fit  Regional Hazard profile 🡪 Risk mapping – which areas might be affected?  Capacity/resource mapping  (planning for) Awareness raising  ”Climate-smart” Contingency planning – ”protection”  Response plan simulation |
| Months | Forecast of strongly above average rainfall for coming season and chances of diarrheal disease | Stock preparation/-piling – ORS, water purification tablets, IEC, etc.  Coordination w Min.of.Health  Mobilise volunteers for awareness campaign  Revise Contingency plans based on new information  Response plan simulation >> revise plans  Strengthen referral system  Planning evacuation |
| Weeks | Forecast of continued rainfall. High risk of floods and diarrheal outbreak | Mobile volunteers to start hygiene promotion + hygiene packets  Coordinate w/ autorities – to follow outbreak patterns  Community clean-up campaigns  Alert/position Mobile clinics?  Health check service  Recheck stocks |
| Days | High water levels upstream, more rain. Few cases of diarrhea | Intensive monitoring (via Min of Health)  Activation of evacuation plans  Personal Protection for RC staff  Establish Wat/san facilities in evacuation areas |
| Hours | Flood water moving to affected areas, lack water and sanitation | Mobilise response teams  Start evacuation  More detection  Continuous monitoring + hygiene promotion at evacuation centres |