

RDRT Update Bangkok- July 2012



Roster, trainings, deployment and way forward





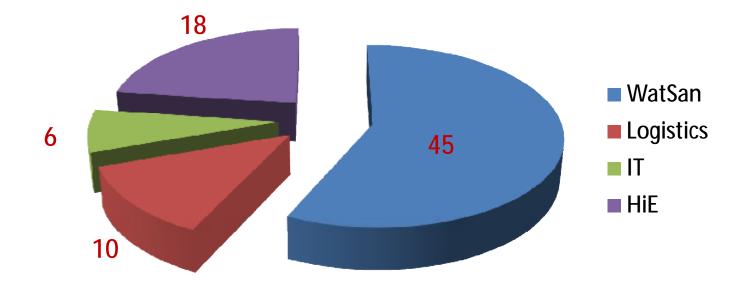
As of 30 July 2012





RDRT Specialist

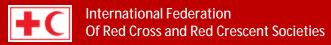
Number





Year	Number of deployed RDRT	Mission / Venue		
2005	8	Nias Earthquake, Indonesia		
	23	Pakistan Earthquake, Pakistan		
2006	1	Floods/storm, East Timor		
	9	Yogyakarta Earthquake, Indonesia		
	4	Typhoon Xangsane, Philippines		
	4	Typhoon Cimaron, Philippines		
	7	Typhoon Durian, Philippines		
2007	0			
2008	12	Cyclone Nargis, Myanmar		
	12	Typhoon Fengshen, Philippines		
2009	1	Cash for work, Vietnam		
	5	Typhoon Ketsana, Philippines		
2010	6	Pakistan Floods		
2011	2	Typhone Haima - Laos		
	2	Washi, Philippines		
Total	96			

www.ifrc.orgSaving lives, changing minds.





Direction of travel

• By 2014, RDRT to be recognized as a professional and efficient disaster response tool as a part of the global IFRC disaster response system

Key Objective: Members trained with standardized tools and procedure to facilitate effective mobilization and operation in the field. All <u>ACTIVE</u> RDRT members have knowledge and skills to undertake:

- Primary assessment
- Develop operational planning
- Conduct relief distributions



RDRT and National Societies

Part of the surge capacities owned by the National Society and composed of NS trained personnel supported by Federation.

q Complementary to National Society emergency response tool



RDRT and the Federation

- SEARD/CSRU responsibility through well defined roles to ensure success for well-developed RDRT
- **q** Essential elements include:
 - § Good maintenance of a roster system
 - § Development of standard training curriculum and trainings
 - S Constant taskforce to lead the process and update the focus of RDRT in the changing context



Way Forward Standardization of Roster Categories

Category	Definition		
	Qualified RDRT team member and ready for deployment: Passed RDRT Induction training; assessed (including reassessment after deployment) and recommended for deployment		
II	Passed RDRT Induction training; yet to deploy/assess		
III	Passed RDRT Specialist training; did not pass/not yet taken RDRT Induction training		
IV	Attended RDRT Induction training, failed in assessment or reassessment after deployment but still have potential for follow up training		
V	ERU trained personnel, requires RDRT Induction training		



How do we do it?

- **q** Full review of SEA RDRT
- Keep only category one maintained

Target optimal number to be maintained for Category I for South East Asia

Induction (relief)	Health	Logistics	IT & T	WatSan	Shelter	Total
60	10	10	2	10	10	102



Maintaining high skill sets and common assessment standards

Focus for 2012-2014 to develop high-quality, up-to-date training curriculum that can be adapted to local contexts.

q Development of common assessment standards for trainings and performance during disasters



Deployment – terms and conditions

Standard pre-deployment agreements (including the agreement to release staff/volunteers on roster and accepting RDRT deployment) should be signed between National Societies and the Regional delegations

The agreement will serve to systemize and facilitate timely RDRT deployment across the region and beyond if need be.



Hand in Hand

Selects/review candidates
 /members for RDRT Trainings

SEA NSs

- Facilitate smooth (efficient & timely) RDRTs deployment
- Facilitators for RDRT trainings
- Joint development

RDRT

Federation

- Facilitate joint RDRT review with NS
- Standard Training Curriculum /trainings
- RDRT roster management
- joint development

www.ifrc.org

Saving lives, changing minds.



International Federation
Of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies



Thank you

