

## Orientation session for Philippine Disaster Law Initiative



#### **Objectives**

 Objective of the session: To formally introduce the Disaster Law Project and key disaster law themes

Brief orientation on Disaster Law



#### Overview of presentation

- Background
- DMS Strategy
- Key program activities



#### Background

- International Disaster Response Laws, Rules and Principles Programme was created in 2001
- In 2003, the 28<sup>th</sup> IC welcomed the IDRL Programe's work
- In 2007, the 30<sup>th</sup> IC adopted the new set of "Guidelines for the domestic facilitation and regulation of international disaster relief and initial recovery program"



#### Background

- In 2011, the 31<sup>st</sup> IC welcomed the efforts to develop a model Act for the facilitation and regulation of international disaster relief and initial recovery assistance"
- In 2012, the program changed it name to "Disaster Law Program"



#### 2011 PRC Pledge: 31st IC

- General Disaster Law Pledge (Government and PRC)
- DRR Law Pledge (Government and PRC)
- IDRL Pledge (Government and PRC)
- Regulatory barrier to shelter pledge (Government and PRC)
- DRR Law pledge (only PRC)



#### 2015 PRC Pledge: 32st IC

 Strengthening legal frameworks for disaster response, risk reduction and first aid (regional pledge and international pledge)



#### **Activities following the Pledges**

- IDRL workshops in Manila in 2011 and 2012
- Participation on the Sunset Review or write shops on RA 10121 (National Level)
- As member of NDRRMC attended to TWG meetings; reviewed and provided recommendations on Implementing Rules and Regulations (IRR) of the revised Bill of RA 10121 with IFRC (National Level)
- Mainstreaming Disaster Risk Reduction (DRR), CCA (Climate Change Adaptation) and Ecosystem Management Restoration (EMR) in local governance (Rationalized Planning System) – through Partners for Resilience (PfR) project and EU project



### **Activities following the Pledges**

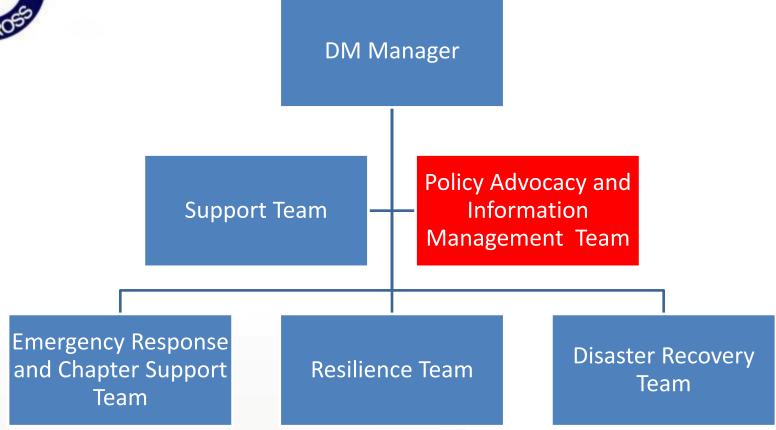
- School Based Disaster Risk Reduction and Management by mainstreaming Disaster Risk Reduction (DRR), CCA (Climate Change Adaptation) and Ecosystem Management Restoration (EMR) in Schools (School Improvement Plan).
- Participated in National and International Conferences related to DRR, CCA and/or EMR and sharing of learning experiences to other I/NGOs and LGUs.
- Advocacies on the formulation of local policies on DRR, CCA and EMR (i.e. Conservation of lake shore project and Mangrove project in Surigao del Norte etc).
- Developed IEC materials to raise public awareness on DRR, CCA and EMR (i.e. book on Creating new paths to resilience, Benefits of growing and protecting trees, Get ready for Disasters – workbook for primary and intermediate students, Risk Land Board Game etc.)



#### Structure and links to PRC strategy



#### **Proposed DM Structure**





#### **Activities of PRC**

Objective of the project:

to build capacity of the PRC to better understand disaster law and the role of the Red Cross to influence the national laws and policy making processes related to Disaster Risk Reduction (DRR) and International Disaster Response Law (IDRL), with links to other technical areas.



#### **The Disaster Law Project**

#### Objective of the project:

to build capacity of the PRC to better understand disaster law and the role of the Red Cross to influence the national laws and policy making processes related to Disaster Risk Reduction (DRR) and International Disaster Response Law (IDRL), with links to other technical areas.



#### **Key activities**

- Training and capacity building for PRC on disaster law
  - National Level and Regional
- Peer to Peer exchange
- Development of IEC materials



•Advocacy is about persuading other people or groups to act differently, to make changes, whether in policy, practice, systems or structures to a particular humanitarian issue.



Advocacy aims not only to create awareness; it aims to achieve critical changes (in both people's behaviour and government policy) that will reduce the risk of disasters.



 Advocacy is about speaking for others, working with others and supporting others to speak for themselves.

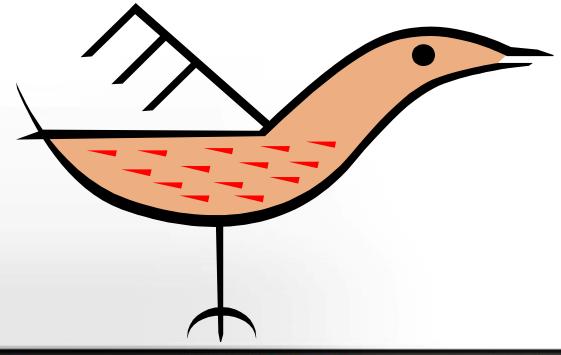
 Advocacy can bring communities together and encourage them to respond to external threats.

Why is Advocacy Important in DRR?

 Advocacy aims not only to create awareness; it aims to achieve critical changes (in both people's behaviour and government policy) that will reduce the risk of disasters.

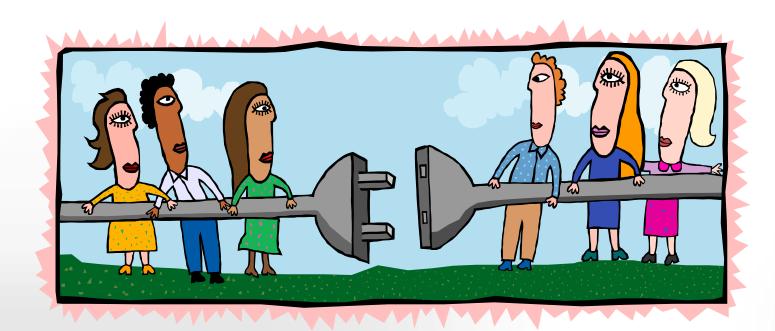


Doing advocacy alone is like a bird flying with one wing!





# Advocacy is best done by a team!





# Maraming Salamat Po!